

Seven Easy Steps To Assess Non-Compliance Of A Food Supplement

Three easy immediate checks of the label

- 1. If a product is labelled as 'Dietary Supplement', it is non-compliant.

 All food supplements must be labelled with 'Food Supplement'.
- 2. If the product lists the vitamins, minerals and other active substances under 'Supplement Facts' or a similar heading, and follows this by 'Other ingredients' listing the carriers and other additives etc., it is non-compliant.

ALL ingredients (including the active ingredients) must be listed under the heading 'Ingredients' in descending order by weight of input. Active ingredients must be quantified either separately under an appropriate heading or within the ingredients list itself.

3. If the quantity of vitamins A, D or E is given solely or principally as 'IU', it is non-compliant.

The quantity of these vitamins must be stated on food supplement labels using the applicable units: vitamin A ' μ g RE'; vitamin D ' μ g'; vitamin E ' μ g α -TE'.

Although the voluntarily declaration of quantity in IU may sometimes be provided, this must not take priority.

Four easy checks requiring the use of lists

- 4. The only permitted vitamins and minerals for use in food supplements are listed in Annex I of Directive 2002/46/EC on food supplements, as amended. If the product contains vitamins or minerals other than those listed (e.g. vanadium), it is non-compliant.
 - The permitted vitamins and minerals, as of November 2016, are listed in Appendix I of this document.
- 5. The only permitted vitamin and mineral sources for use in food supplements are listed in Annex II of Directive 2002/46/EC on food supplements, as amended. If the product contains vitamin or mineral sources other than those listed (e.g. potassium glycinate complex), it is non-compliant.
 - The permitted vitamin and mineral sources, as of November 2016, are listed in Appendix II of this document.
- 6. Certain ingredients have been determined by the UK Food Standards Agency (FSA) to be novel foods requiring authorisation before they can be permitted for use (e.g. Acacia rigidula). These ingredients are listed on the FSA website. Certain other ingredients are included in the EU novel foods catalogue. Neither of these lists are exhaustive, but if any of the ingredients stated as novel are present in a product, it is non-compliant, unless proof can be provided by the company that the ingredient falls under one of the few exceptions (as provided by the FSA).
 - FSA list of unauthorised novel foods
 - EU novel food catalogue
- 7. If the product bears health claims, these should relate only to those authorised via Regulation 1924/2006 on nutrition and health claims (including disease risk reduction claims) and present on the EU Register on nutrition and health claims. Certain on-hold claims are also permitted. Claims which refer to preventing, treating or curing a disease / illness are not permitted.

This can be a complicated issue. UK guidance on claims can be found from the Department of Health (DH), the Committee of Advertising Practice (CAP) and the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA).

- EU Register of nutrition and health claims
- DH Guide to compliance with Regulation (EC) 1924/2006 on nutrition and health claims made on foods
- DH guidance relating to 'on hold' health claims
- CAP Help Notes
- MHRA Guide to what is a medicinal product

(The links are current as of November 2016. However, we have no control over other agencies relocating their web pages.

Therefore, if any of the links do not work, search in your web browser for the document name)



APPENDIX I

List of permitted vitamins and minerals for use in food supplements and the units by which they should be quantified (as of November 2016)

Taken from Annex I of Directive 2002/46/EC as amended

Vitamins	Minerals
Vitamin A (μg RE)	B
Vitamin D (μg)	Boron (mg)
Vitamin E (mg a-TE)	C Calcium (mg)
Vitamin K (μg)	Chloride (mg) Chromium (µg)
Vitamin B1 (thiamin) (mg)	Copper (μg)
Vitamin B2 (riboflavin) (mg)	F Fluoride (mg)
Niacin (mg NE)	1
Pantothenic acid (mg)	lodine (μg) Iron (mg)
Vitamin B6 (mg)	M
Folic acid (µg)	Magnesium (mg) Manganese (mg)
Vitamin B12 (μg)	Molybdenum (μg)
Biotin (μg)	Phosphorus (mg) Potassium (mg)
Vitamin C (mg)	S
	Selenium (µg) Silicon (mg) Sodium (mg)
	Z Zinc (mg)



APPENDIX II

List of permitted vitamins and mineral sources for use in food supplements (as of November 2016)

Taken from Annex II of Directive 2002/46/EC as amended

VITAMINS

Vitamin A

Retinol

Retinyl acetate Retinyl palmitate Beta-carotene

Vitamin D

Cholecalciferol Ergocalciferol

Vitamin E

D-alpha-tocopherol
DL-alpha-tocopherol
D-alpha-tocopheryl acetate
DL-alpha-tocopheryl acetate
D-alpha-tocopheryl acid succinate
Mixed tocopherols (1)
Tocotrienol tocopherol (1)

Vitamin K

Phylloquinone (phytomenadione) Menaquinone ⁽¹⁾

Vitamin B1 (Thiamin)

Thiamin hydrochloride Thiamin mononitrate Thiamine monophosphate chloride Thiamine pyrophosphate chloride

Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin)

Riboflavin 5'-phosphate, sodium

Niacin

Nicotinic acid Nicotinamide Inositol hexanicotinate (inositol hexaniacinate)

Pantothenic acid

D-pantothenate, calcium D-pantothenate, sodium Dexpanthenol Pantethine

Vitamin B6

Pyridoxine hydrochloride Pyridoxine 5'-phosphate Pyridoxal 5'-phosphate

Folate (folic acid)

Pteroylmonoglutamic acid Calcium-L-methylfolate (6S)-5-methyltetrahydrofolic acid, glucosamine salt

Vitamin B12

Cyanocobalamin Hydroxocobalamin 5'-deoxyadenosylcobalamin Methylcobalamin

Biotin

D-biotin

Vitamin C

L-ascorbic acid
Sodium-L-ascorbate
Calcium-L-ascorbate (1)
Potassium-L-ascorbate
L-ascorbyl 6-palmitate
Magnesium L-ascorbate
Zinc L-ascorbate



MINERALS

Boron

Boric acid Sodium borate

Calcium

Calcium acetate
Calcium L-ascorbate
Calcium bisglycinate

Calcium carbonate

Calcium chloride

Calcium citrate malate

Calcium salts of citric acid

Calcium gluconate

Calcium glycerophosphate

Calcium lactate Calcium pyruvate

Calcium salts of orthophosphoric

acid

Calcium succinate

Calcium hydroxide

Calcium L-lysinate

Calcium malate

Calcium oxide

Calcium L-pidolate

Calcium L-threonate

Calcium sulphate

Chloride

Any of the listed chloride salts

Chromium

Chromium (III) chloride

Chromium enriched yeast¹

Chromium (III) lactate trihydrate

Chromium nitrate

Chromium picolinate

Chromium (III) sulphate

Copper

Cupric carbonate

Cupric citrate

Cupric gluconate

Cupric sulphate

Copper I-aspartate

Copper bisglycinate

Copper lysine complex

Copper (ii) oxide

Note: the ingredient may be listed as 'copper...', in which case the company should be able to confirm the source used is cupric (where relevant)

Fluoride

Calcium fluoride

Potassium fluoride

Sodium fluoride

Sodium monofluorophosphate

Iodine

Potassium iodide

Potassium iodate

Sodium iodide

Sodium iodate

Iron

Ferrous carbonate

Ferrous citrate

Ferric ammonium citrate

Ferrous gluconate

Ferrous fumarate

Ferric sodium diphosphate

Ferrous lactate

Ferrous sulphate

Ferric diphosphate (ferric

pyrophosphate)

Ferric saccharate

Elemental iron (carbonyl +

electrolytic + hydrogen

reduced)

Ferrous bisglycinate

Ferrous I-pidolate

Ferrous phosphate

Ferrous ammonium phosphate

Ferric sodium edta

Iron (ii) taurate

Note: the ingredient may be listed as 'iron...', in which case the company should be able to confirm the source used is ferrous or ferric (where relevant)



Magnesium

Magnesium acetate Magnesium I-ascorbate

Magnesium bisglycinate Magnesium carbonate

Magnesium chloride

Magnesium salts of citric acid

Magnesium gluconate

Magnesium glycerophosphate

Magnesium salts of

orthophosphoric acid

Magnesium lactate

Magnesium I-lysinate

Magnesium hydroxide

Magnesium malate

Magnesium oxide

Magnesium I-pidolate

Magnesium potassium citrate

Magnesium pyruvate

Magnesium succinate

Magnesium sulphate

Magnesium taurate

Magnesium acetyl taurate

Manganese

Manganese ascorbate

Manganese I-aspartate

Manganese bisglycinate

Manganese carbonate

Manganese chloride

Manganese citrate

Manganese gluconate

Manganese glycerophosphate

Manganese pidolate

Manganese sulphate

Molybdenum

Ammonium molybdate

(molybdenum (VI))

Potassium molybdate

(molybdenum (VI))

Sodium molybdate (molybdenum

(VI))

Phosphorus

Any of the listed phosphates that provide a sufficient quantity

Potassium

Potassium bicarbonate

Potassium carbonate

Potassium chloride

Potassium citrate

Potassium gluconate

Potassium glycerophosphate

Potassium lactate

Potassium hydroxide

Potassium I-pidolate

Potassium malate

Potassium salts of orthophosphoric

acid

Selenium

L-selenomethionine

Selenium enriched yeast¹

Selenious acid

Sodium selenate

Sodium hydrogen selenite

Sodium selenite

Silicon

Choline-stabilised orthosilicic acid

Silicon dioxide

Silicic acid¹

Sodium

Sodium bicarbonate

Sodium carbonate

Sodium chloride

Sodium citrate

Sodium gluconate

Sodium lactate

Sodium hydroxide

Sodium salts of orthophosphoric

acid

Sodium sulphate



Zinc

zinc acetate

Zinc l-ascorbate

Zinc l-aspartate

Zinc bisglycinate

Zinc chloride

Zinc citrate

Zinc gluconate

Zinc lactate

Zinc I-lysinate

Zinc malate

Zinc mono-l-methionine sulphate

Zinc oxide

Zinc carbonate

Zinc I-pidolate

Zinc picolinate

Zinc sulphate

NOTE: Synonyms might be used in the ingredients list for some of these substances.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ The ingredient must be in the form specified in Annex II of Directive 2002/46/EC as amended