

Seven Easy Steps to Assess Non-Compliance of a Food Supplement

Three easy immediate checks of the label

- 1. If a product is labelled as 'Dietary Supplement', it is non-compliant.

 All food supplements must be labelled with 'Food Supplement'.
- 2. If the product follows the nutritional information table with 'Other ingredients', listing the carriers and other additives etc., it is non-compliant.
 - ALL ingredients (including the active ingredients) must be listed under the heading 'Ingredients' in descending order by weight of input. Active ingredients must be quantified either separately under an appropriate heading or within the ingredients list itself.
- 3. If the quantity of vitamins A, D or E is given solely or principally as 'IU', it is non-compliant. The quantity of these vitamins must be stated on food supplement labels using the applicable units: vitamin A ' μ g RE'; vitamin D ' μ g'; vitamin E ' μ g α -TE'.
 - Although the voluntarily declaration of quantity in IU may sometimes be provided, this must not take priority.

Four easy checks requiring the use of lists

- 4. The only permitted vitamins and minerals for use in food supplements are listed in Annex I of Directive 2002/46/EC on food supplements, as amended (for the EU¹ and NI²) and in Schedule 1 of The Nutrition (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (for GB³). If the product contains vitamins or minerals other than those listed (e.g. vanadium), it is non-compliant. The permitted vitamins and minerals, as of August 2023, are listed in Appendix I of this document.
- 5. The only permitted vitamin and mineral sources for use in food supplements are listed in Annex II of Directive 2002/46/EC on food supplements, as amended (for the EU and NI) and in Schedule 2 of The Nutrition (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (for GB). If the product contains vitamin or mineral sources other than those listed (e.g. potassium glycinate complex), it is non-compliant.
 - The permitted vitamin and mineral sources, as of August 2023, are listed in Appendix II of this document.
- 6. Certain ingredients have been determined to be novel foods requiring authorisation before they can be permitted for use (*e.g. Acacia rigidula*). These ingredients are listed in the EU novel food catalogue, which also includes the status of a number of other ingredients that may be not novel in food supplements only or not novel in all foods. The catalogue is not exhaustive, but if any of the ingredients stated as novel are present in a product, it is non-compliant, unless proof can be provided by the company that the ingredient falls under one of the few exceptions stated. Outcomes of official investigations into novel food status are published for the EU and for GB. In addition, GB has a register of the novel foods that have been authorised for use in GB.
 - EU novel food catalogue: https://ec.europa.eu/food/food-feed-portal/screen/novel-food-catalogue/search
 - **EU outcomes of novel food consultations**: https://food.ec.europa.eu/safety/novel-food/consultation-process-novel-food-status_en
 - GB novel foods register: https://data.food.gov.uk/regulated-products/novel_authorisations
 - **GB outcomes of novel food consultations**: https://www.food.gov.uk/business-guidance/outcomes-on-novel-food-consultations

¹ European Union

² Northern Ireland

³ Great Britain



- 7. If the product bears health claims, these should relate only to those authorised via Regulation 1924/2006 on nutrition and health claims (including disease risk reduction claims) and present on the EU Register on nutrition and health claims (for the EU and NI) or on the Great Britain nutrition and health claims register (for GB). Certain on-hold claims are also permitted. Claims which refer to preventing, treating or curing a disease or illness are not permitted. This can be a complicated issue. UK guidance on claims can be found from the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC), the Committee of Advertising Practice (CAP) and the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA).
 - **EU Register of nutrition and health claims**: https://ec.europa.eu/food/food-feed-portal/screen/health-claims/eu-register
 - Great Britain nutrition and health claims register:
 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/great-britain-nutrition-and-health-claims-nhc-register
 - DH Guide to compliance with Regulation (EC) 1924/2006 on nutrition and health claims made on foods: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/nutrition-and-health-claims-guidance-to-compliance-with-regulation-ec-1924-2006-on-nutrition-and-health-claims-made-on-foods
 - DHSC guidance and spreadsheet relating to 'on hold' health claims: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/nutritional-and-health-claims-legislation-bulletins-2014
 - CAP/ASA Advice and Resources: https://www.asa.org.uk/advice-online/food-general-healthclaims.html
 - MHRA Borderline products: how to tell if your product is a medicine: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/borderline-products-how-to-tell-if-your-product-is-a-medicine

(The links are current as of January 2024. However, we have no control over other agencies relocating their web pages.

Therefore, if any of the links do not work, search in your web browser for the document name)

APPENDIX I

List of permitted vitamins and minerals for use in food supplements and the units by which they should be quantified (as of March 2024)

Taken from Annex I of Directive 2002/46/EC as amended (EU¹ and NI²) and Schedule 1 of The Nutrition (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (GB³)

Vitamins

Vitamin A (µg RE)

Vitamin D (μg)

Vitamin E (mg a-TE)

Vitamin K (μg)

Vitamin B1 (thiamin) (mg)

Vitamin B2 (riboflavin) (mg)

Niacin (mg NE)

Pantothenic acid (mg)

Vitamin B6 (mg)

Folic acid (µg)

Vitamin B12 (μg)

Biotin (μg)

Vitamin C (mg)

Minerals

В

Boron (mg)

C

Calcium (mg) Chloride (mg)

Chromium (µg)

Copper (mg)

F

Fluoride (mg)

ı

Iodine (μg) Iron (mg)

Μ

Magnesium (mg) Manganese (mg) Molybdenum (μg)

Р

Phosphorus (mg) Potassium (mg)

S

Selenium (µg) Silicon (mg) Sodium (mg)

Ζ

Zinc (mg)

¹ EU: European Union

² NI: Northern Ireland

³ GB: Great Britain (England, Scotland, Wales)

APPENDIX II

List of permitted vitamins and mineral sources for use in food supplements (as of March 2024)

Taken from Annex II of Directive 2002/46/EC as amended (EU¹ and NI²) and Schedule 2 of The Nutrition (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (GB³)

VITAMINS

Vitamin A

Retinol

Retinyl acetate

Retinyl palmitate

Beta-carotene

Vitamin D

Cholecalciferol

Ergocalciferol

Vitamin E

D-alpha-tocopherol

DL-alpha-tocopherol

D-alpha-tocopheryl acetate

DL-alpha-tocopheryl acetate

D-alpha-tocopheryl acid succinate

Mixed tocopherols (F)

Tocotrienol tocopherol (F)

Vitamin K

Phylloquinone (phytomenadione)

Menaguinone (F)

Vitamin B1 (Thiamin)

Thiamin hydrochloride

Thiamin mononitrate

Thiamine monophosphate chloride

Thiamine pyrophosphate chloride

Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin)

Riboflavin

Riboflavin 5'-phosphate, sodium

Niacin

Nicotinic acid

Nicotinamide

Inositol hexanicotinate (inositol

hexaniacinate)

Nicotinamide riboside chloride

Pantothenic acid

D-pantothenate, calcium

D-pantothenate, sodium

Dexpanthenol

Pantethine

Vitamin B6

Pyridoxine hydrochloride

Pyridoxine 5'-phosphate

Pyridoxal 5'-phosphate

Folate (folic acid)

Pteroylmonoglutamic acid

Calcium-L-methylfolate

(6S)-5-methyltetrahydrofolic acid,

glucosamine salt

Vitamin B12

Cyanocobalamin

Hydroxocobalamin

5'-deoxyadenosylcobalamin

Methylcobalamin

Biotin

D-biotin

Vitamin C

L-ascorbic acid

Sodium-L-ascorbate

Calcium-L-ascorbate (F)

Potassium-L-ascorbate

L-ascorbyl 6-palmitate

Magnesium L-ascorbate

Zinc L-ascorbate

¹ EU: European Union

² NI: Northern Ireland

³ GB: Great Britain (England, Scotland, Wales)

MINERALS

Boron

Boric acid Sodium borate

Calcium

Calcium acetate

Calcium L-ascorbate

Calcium bisglycinate

Calcium carbonate

Calcium chloride

Calcium citrate malate

Calcium salts of citric acid

Calcium gluconate

Calcium glycerophosphate

Calcium lactate

Calcium pyruvate

Calcium salts of orthophosphoric acid

Calcium succinate

Calcium hydroxide

Calcium L-lysinate

Calcium malate

Calcium oxide

Calcium L-pidolate

Calcium L-threonate

Calcium sulphate

Calcium phosphoryl oligosaccharides

Chloride

Any of the listed chloride salts

Chromium

Chromium (III) chloride

Chromium enriched yeast (F)

Chromium (III) lactate trihydrate

Chromium nitrate

Chromium picolinate

Chromium (III) sulphate

Copper

Cupric carbonate

Cupric citrate

Cupric gluconate

Cupric sulphate

Copper I-aspartate

Copper bisglycinate

Copper lysine complex

Copper (ii) oxide

Note: the ingredient may be listed as 'copper...', in which case the company should be able to confirm the source used is cupric (where relevant)

Fluoride

Calcium fluoride

Potassium fluoride

Sodium fluoride

Sodium monofluorophosphate

lodine

Potassium iodide

Potassium iodate

Sodium iodide

Sodium iodate

Iron

Ferrous carbonate

Ferrous citrate

Ferric ammonium citrate

Ferrous gluconate

Ferrous fumarate

Ferric sodium diphosphate

Ferrous lactate

Ferrous sulphate

Ferric diphosphate (ferric

pyrophosphate)

Ferric saccharate

Elemental iron (carbonyl + electrolytic +

hydrogen reduced)

Ferrous bisglycinate

Ferrous I-pidolate

Ferrous phosphate

Ferrous ammonium phosphate

Ferric sodium edta

Iron hydroxide adipate tartrate (nano)*

Iron (ii) taurate

Note: the ingredient may be listed as 'iron...', in which case the company should be able to confirm the source used is ferrous or ferric (where relevant)

Magnesium

Magnesium acetate

Magnesium I-ascorbate

Magnesium bisglycinate

Magnesium carbonate

Magnesium chloride

Magnesium citrate malate

Magnesium salts of citric acid

Magnesium gluconate

Magnesium glycerophosphate

Magnesium salts of orthophosphoric acid

Magnesium lactate

Magnesium I-lysinate

^{*} Authorised for use in NI and EU only

Magnesium hydroxide

Magnesium malate

Magnesium oxide

Magnesium I-pidolate

Magnesium potassium citrate

Magnesium pyruvate

Magnesium succinate

Magnesium sulphate

Magnesium taurate

Magnesium acetyl taurate

Manganese

Manganese ascorbate

Manganese I-aspartate

Manganese bisglycinate

Manganese carbonate

Manganese chloride

Manganese citrate

Manganese gluconate

Manganese glycerophosphate

Manganese pidolate

Manganese sulphate

Molybdenum

Ammonium molybdate (molybdenum (VI))

Potassium molybdate (molybdenum (VI)) Sodium molybdate (molybdenum (VI))

Phosphorus

Any of the listed phosphates that provide a sufficient quantity

Potassium

Potassium bicarbonate

Potassium carbonate

Potassium chloride

Potassium citrate

Potassium gluconate

Potassium glycerophosphate

Potassium lactate

Potassium hydroxide

Potassium I-pidolate

Potassium malate

Potassium salts of orthophosphoric acid

Potassium sulphate

Selenium

L-selenomethionine

Selenium enriched yeast (F)

Selenious acid

Sodium selenate

Sodium hydrogen selenite

Sodium selenite

Silicon

Choline-stabilised orthosilicic acid

Silicon dioxide

Silicic acid (F)

Organic silicon (monomethylsilanetriol) #

Novel food authorisation for food supplements in liquid form only

Sodium

Sodium bicarbonate

Sodium carbonate

Sodium chloride

Sodium citrate

Sodium gluconate

Sodium lactate

Sodium hydroxide

Sodium salts of orthophosphoric acid

Sodium sulphate

Zinc

zinc acetate

Zinc l-ascorbate

Zinc l-aspartate

Zinc bisglycinate

Zinc chloride

Zinc citrate

Zinc gluconate

Zinc lactate

Zinc I-lysinate

Zinc malate

Zinc mono-l-methionine sulphate

Zinc oxide

Zinc carbonate

Zinc l-pidolate

Zinc picolinate

Zinc sulphate

⁽F) The ingredient must be in the form specified in Annex II of Directive 2002/46/EC as amended (EU and NI)/as per the Guidance notes on legislation implementing Directive 2002/46/EC on food supplements (GB)

NOTE: Synonyms might be used in the ingredients list for some of these substances